As the population of St. Michaels expanded during the third quarter of the nineteenth century, additional land was divided into lots, especially on the south side of town. West Chew Street was opened as a new avenue around 1870 with lots divided on the north and south sides of the street. Mary Fairbank purchased a 60' by 120' lot on the north side of the street and financed the construction of this two-story, three-bay frame residence. The house is designated on the 1877 St. Michaels town map as well as Gray's atlas, drawn about five years earlier. The heirs of Mary Fairbank sold the house and lot in 1918 to Thomas J. Marshall.

The Mary Fairbank house is an unusual post-bellum building for St. Michaels with its blockish proportions and low pitched hip roof. Built about 1872, the frame dwelling has been enlarged with a modern single-story addition on the east side of the story-and-a-half service wing. With its unusual form and relatively well preserved features, the Mary Fairbank house contributes to the diversity in domestic architeture of St. Michaels.

Survey No. T-740

Maryland Historical Trust State Historic Sites Inventory Form

DOE __yes __no

Magi No.

1. Nam	e (indicate pre	ferred name)		
historic	MARY FAIRBANK	C HOUSE		
and/or common				
2. Loca	ation			
street & number	103 West Chew	Street		_ not for publication
city, town	St. Michaels	vicinity of	congressional district	First
state	Maryland	county	Talbot	
3. Clas	sification			
Category districtX building(s) structure site object	Ownership public private both Public Acquisition in process being considered not applicable	Status _X_ occupied unoccupied work in progress Accessible _X_ yes: restricted yes: unrestricted no	Present Use agriculture commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	museum park x private residence religious scientific transportation other:
4. Own	er of Proper	ty (give names ar	nd mailing addresses	of <u>all</u> owners)
name				
street & number			telephone no	.:
city, town		state	and zip code	
5. Loca	ation of Lega	al Description	n	
courthouse, regis	stry of deeds, etc. T	albot County Cle	erk of Court	liber 491
street & number	Talbot Co	unty Courthouse		folio 72
city, town	Easton		state	MD 21601
6. Repr	esentation i	in Existing	Historical Surve	
title				
date			federal state	county local
pository for su	rvey records			
city, town			state	

7. Description

Survey No. T-740

Condition		Check one	Check one		
excellent good fair	deteriorated ruins unexposed	unaltered altered	x original site moved date	of move	

Prepare both a summary paragraph and a general description of the resource and its various elements as it exists today.

The Mary Fairbank house stands at 103 West Chew in the southern residential district of St. Michaels, Talbot County, Maryland. The two-story, three-bay frame dwelling faces south.

Initially erected around 1872, the two-story, three-bay frame house is supported by a low brick foundation, and the exterior is sheathed with a layer of aluminum siding. The low pitched hip roof is covered with asphalt shingles. Attached to the back of the main house is a story-and-a-half wing that appears to be the same age as the front section, while a modern addition extends the rear wing to the east.

The south (main) facade is a three-bay elevation with a side entrance and flanking six-over-six sash windows with louvered shutters. The heavily molded four-panel front door is framed by a three-light transom and three-light sidelights. Stretching across the front of the main block is a Tuscan columned porch topped by a seamed metal roof. Lighting the second floor are six-over-six sash windows hung with louvered shutters as well. The cornic is boxed.

The side elevations are marked by six-over-six sash windows on each floor, several of which retain louvered shutters. The Tuscan columned porch stretches around the east side of the main block to service a secondary entrance in the modern east side wing.

Partially covered by the east end addition, the rear wing is a story-and-a-half one-room plan structure with an interior end brick chimney.

The interior was not seen.

Period	1 1499	heck and justify below community planning conservation economics education engineering exploration/settlement industry invention	literature military music t philosophy politics/government	science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater
Specific	dates	Builder/Architect		
check:	Applicable Criteria:A and/or Applicable Exception:A		EFG	
	Level of Significance:	national state	_local	
Prepare support	both a summary paragraph o	of significance and a	a general statement of	history and

The Mary Fairbank house is an unusual post-bellum building for St. Michaels with its blockish proportions and low pitched hip roof. Built about 1872, the frame dwelling has been enlarged with a modern singlestory addition on the east side of the story-and-a-half service wing. With its unusual form and relatively well-preserved features, the Mary Fairbank house contributes to the diversity in domestic architecture of St. Michaels as well as the nineteenth century character of West Chew Street.

T - 7.4.0

Survey No.

HISTORY AND SUPPORT

8. Significance

As the population of St. Michaels expanded during the third quarter of the nineteenth century, additional land was divided into town lots, especially on the south side. West Chew Street was opened as a new avenue around 1870 with lots divided on each side. Mary Fairbank purchased a 60' by 120' lot on the north side of the street and financed the construction of this two-story, three-bay frame residence. (79/153) The house is designated on the 1877 St. Michaels town map as well as "Gray's atlas," drawn about five years earlier. The heirs of Mary Fairbank sold the house and lot in 1918 to Thomas J. Marshall.(179/214)

9. Major Bibliographical References

Survey No. T-740

10. Geo	graphi	cal Data					
Acreage of nominat Quadrangle name _ UTM References			erences	Qu	adrangle	scale	
A Zone Easting		rthing	B Zor	ne Easting		Northing	
C			D				
Verbal boundary	description	and justificatior					
List all states an	d counties f	or properties ov		r county boun	daries		
state		code	county	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		code	
11. Forn	n Prep	ared By					
name/title	Paul B.	Touart Ar	chitectural	Historian			
organization	Private	Consultant		date 2/	3/90		
street & number	P. O. B	ox 5		telephone	301	-651-1094	
city or town	Westove	c		state	Мd	21871	· · · · · ·

The Maryland Historic Sites Inventory was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 supplement.

The survey and inventory are being prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

return to:

Maryland Historical Trust

Shaw House

21 State Circle

Annapolis, Maryland 21401

(301) 269-2438

YEAR: 1975 VOL: 491 PAGE: 72

FROM: Helen V. Marshall \$21,000 TO: Joseph H. Battin and Mary T. Battin

NOTES: Begins at the SW corner of Ida V. Seymour; run with the N side of Chew Avenue 60 feet to lot number 4; with #4 120 feet to a 15' alley; with the alley 60 feet to lot number 2; with #2 120 feet to Chew Avenue and the beginning. Conveyed by Mary V. Tarr and others to Thomas J. Marshall 1918, 179/215. Devised by Thomas J. Marshall to Helen V. Marshall 1962, 33/209. Conveyed by Thomas J. Marshall to his parents, Edward Clark Marshall and Mary M.

B. Marshall 1924, 199/6 (life estate).

YEAR: 1918 VOL: 179 PAGE: 214

FROM: Heirs of Mary Fairbank* \$700

TO: Thomas J. Marshall

NOTES: * The heirs of Mary Fairbank were: Mary V. Tarr, William J. Tarr,

Lawrence W. Lambdin, Algie W. Lambdin, and Julia A. Lambdin.

Same description.

Conveyed to Mary Fairbank by Mary C. Gibson 1872, 79/153.

YEAR: 1872 VOL: 79 PAGE: 153

FROM: Mary C. Gibson TO: Mary Fairbank

NOTES: Begins at the SW coorner of Josiah Stack by a new street called Chew Avenue; runs 60 feet to lot number 4; with #4 120 feet to a 15 foot alley; with the alley 60 feet to number 2; with #2 120 feet to Chew Street and the beginning.

YEAR: 1867 VOL: 74 PAGE: 434

FROM: John Harrington and Henrietta M. Harrington

TO : Mary C. Gibson

NOTES: Area was 29+ acres. The lat was drawn in 1890 when the daughters of Mary Gibson divided the remaining acreage of the tract purchased by Mary C. Gibson in 1867. Mary died in 1875, having disposed of the lots on both sides of Chew Avenue.

A structure is shown on the lot on the "Lake Atlas" of 1877 and on "Gray's Atlas" drawn about 5 years earlier.

YEAR: 1853 VOL: 65 PAGE: 260

FROM: Mary K. Harrington and children PRICE: \$3000

TO: John Harrington

NOTES: Tracts included in the deed are "Hattons Carden", "Point Lookout", "Chance", "Janes Progress", and "Parsley Neck". A detailed survey is in the deed. There are 133 acres, "including the home farm of the late Nathan Harrington, deceased".

YEAR: 1815 VOL: 37 PAGE: 303 FROM: John Dorgan PRICE: \$1400

TO: Nathan Harrington

NOTES Part of Chance, Janes Progress and Parsley Neck. Dorgan sold Harrington the "land which lies to the Southwestard of the main road leading from St. Michaels to Easton" with a total of 51 acres 24 perches.

The deed states that the land was conveyed to John Dorgan by Elizabeth Sherwood 31 December 1813.

YEAR: 1813 VOL: 36 PAGE: 288

FROM: Elizabeth Sherwood PRICE: \$487.902/3

TO: John Dorgan

NOTES The deed was made in accordance with a decree of the Chancery Court, Dec. Term, 1812 (1812, 36/291), Dorgan vs the heirs of Hugh Sherwood. Apparently, a deal had been made between Thomas Sherwood, father of Hugh, and John Dorgan to sell Dorgan all of the land Thomas Sherwood had purchased from John Thompson in 1791 and from William Harrison in 1785. This amounted to all of Braddock's unsold land - parts of "Bentley Hay", "Janes Progress", "The Beach", "Chance", and "Matthew Circumvented". Both Thomas and Hugh Sherwood died and the widow Elizabeth was forced to honor the committment.

YEAR: 1791 VOL: 24 PAGE: 299 FROM: John Thompson PRICE: p84cm

TO: Thomas Sherwood . . .

NOTES "All the land which formerly belonged to James Braddock lying to the South ward of a line drawn from the East end of Chestnut Street on a cove of St. Michaels River straight with said street across the main road to Broad Creek". (No further description).

YEAR: 1784 VOL: 21 PAGE: 413 FROM: James Wignal PRICE: p500sp

TO: John Thompson

NOTES "All that part of two tracts of land near St. Michaels Church called "Chance" and "Janes Progress" which was purchased by James Braddock from George Gleave formerly in possession of James Hewes on the South side of the main road" The deed also included lot number 7 (which Thompson already owned) and lot 14 - "known by the name of The Shipyard".

YEAR: 1784 VOL: 21 PAGE: 417 FROM: John Thompson PRICE: p600sp

TO: James Wignal

NOTES The deed is to ALL of James Braddock's unsold real estate. Braddock had left all of his real estate to Thompson by his will of 1782. The property had apparently been bought with funds provided by the firm of Gildart & Gawith of Liverpool, England of which Wignal was the legal representative.

YEAR: 1775* VOL: 20 PAGE: 484

FROM: George Gleave PRICE: p40s10d11

TO: James Braddock

NOTES * the land was bought in two installments. The second deed is 1776,20/529. The property consisted of 43 1/4 acres (less 3 1/4 acres sold to Rachel Hewes). Gleave was a Tory who left the country at the beginning of the Revolution. He is also mentioned in Braddock's Power of Attorney as owing money to Gildart & Gawith.

Since the land included James Hewes dwelling plantation - the only one mentioned in Braddock's property acquisitions - it is possible that Braddock used it as his residence.

YEAR: 1775* VOL: 20 PAGE: 484

FROM: George Gleave PRICE: p40s10d11

TO: James Braddock

NOTES * the land was bought in two installments. The second deed is 1776,20/529. The property consisted of 43 1/4 acres (less 3 1/4 acres sold to Rachel Hewes). Gleave was a Tory who left the country at the beginning of the Revolution. He is also mentioned in Braddock's Power of Attorney as owing money to Gildart & Gawith.

Since the land included James Hewes dwelling plantation - the only one mentioned in Braddock's property acquisitions - it is possible that Braddock used it as his residence. The site would have been that of the present "Environmental Concern".

YEAR: 1775 VOL: 20 PAGE: 473

FROM: James Hewes, Blacksmith PRICE:

TO: George Gleave, Merchant

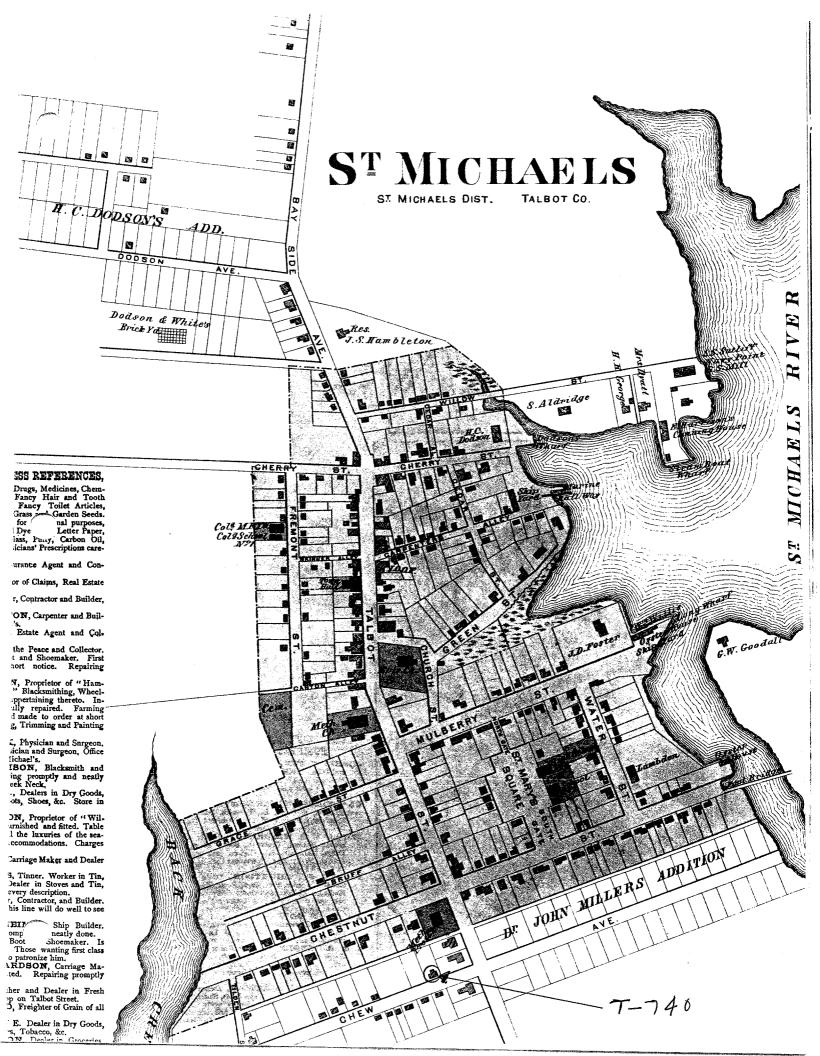
NOTES The plantation where James now lives. Part of "Chance" and "Janes Progress 43 1/4 acres.

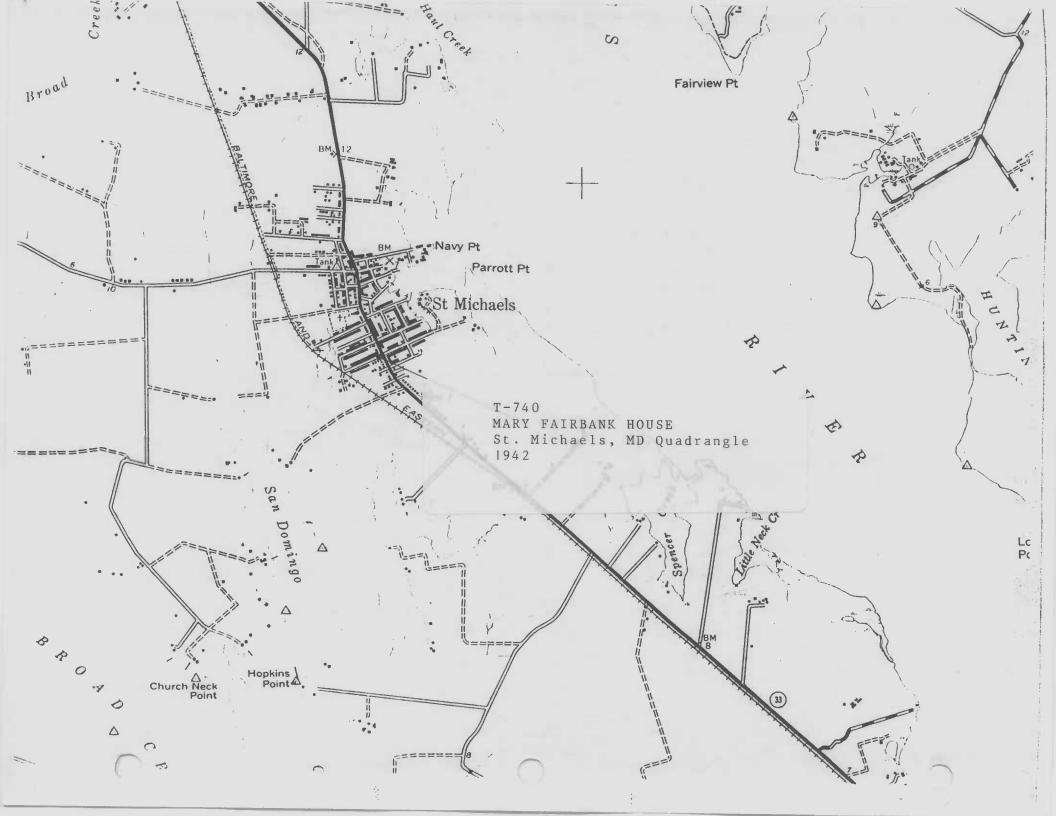
James Hewes probably inherited the land from his father (or brother) John Hewes. John Hewes' father (also named John) was given all his father David Hewes proper ty ("moveable and immoveable - quick or dead") by deed 1737, 14/313.

One hundred six Chestnut Street is probably located on "Chance" - a resurvey made for Edward Elliott in 1732 or on "Taylor and Jane's Discovery" patented by George Taylor in 1695.

James Hewes could have acquired the land in 1739, 14/451 George Taylor to John Hewes. Part of "Chance" and "Taylor and Jane's Discovery".

It could also have been 1742, 15/299 George Taylor to John Hewes. For a "valuable consideration" John Hewes got 100 acres of "Chance" and "Taylor and Jane's Discovery".... "to be laid out"! (Considering the area of land available, there must have been considerable overlap between "Taylor and Jane's Discovery", "Chance" and "Jane's Progress". Since it was all "in the family" - Taylor-Hewes-Hatton-Elliott it probably made little difference.







T-740
MARY FAIRBANK HOUSE
St. Michaels, Talbot County, MD
Southeast elevation
11/89, Paul Touart, photographer
Negative/Md Historical Trust